



WORLD CLASS ISLAMIC CYBER UNIVERSITY
UNISSULA
SULTAN AGUNG ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY

Sept 5th 2019

THE 5 th INTERNATIONAL AND CALL PAPER

Legal Reconstruction in Indonesia Based on Human Rights

Imam As Syafei Building

Faculty of Law, Sultan Agung Islamic University

Jalan Raya Kaligawe, KM.4 Semarang, Indonesia

UNISSULA PRESS

The 5th PROCEEDING

“Legal Reconstruction in Indonesia Based on Human Right”

IMAM AS SYAFEI BUILDING

Faculty of Law, Sultan Agung Islamic University
Jalan Raya Kaligawe, KM. 4 Semarang, Indonesia

Diterbitkan oleh :
UNISSULA PRESS

ISBN. 978-623-7097-23-5

The 5th PROCEEDING

“Legal Reconstruction in Indonesia Based on Human Right”

Reviewer:

Prof. Dr. H. Gunarto, S.H., S.E., Akt., M.Hum

Dr. Hj. Anis Mashdurohatun, S.H., M.Hum

Prof. Henning Glaser

Prof. Dr. I Gusti Ayu Ketut Rachmi Handayani, MM

Prof. Shimada Yuzuru

Prof. Associate Dr. Dr. Ahmad Zaharudin Sani

Editor:

Dr. Amin Purnawan., S.H., CN., M.Hum

Dr. Hj. Widayati., S.H., M.H

Dr. Hj. Sri Endah Wahyuningsih, S.H., M.Hum

Dr. H. Ahmad Khisni., S.H., M.H

M. Abdul Hadi., SE

Hak Cipta © 2019, pada penulis

Hak Publikasi pada penerbit PDIH UNISSULA

Dilarang memperbanyak, memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh isi dari buku ini dalam bentuk

apapun, tanpa izin tertulis pada penerbit.

Hal I-X, 1-358

Cetakan Pertama Tahun 2019

Penerbit PDIH UNISSULA

Jl. Raya Kaligawe Km. 4 Semarang 50112

PO BOX 1054/SM,

Telp. (024) 6583584, Fax. (024) 6594366

ISBN. 978-623-7097-23-5

COMMITTEE OF THE 3rd INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE
AND CALL FOR PAPER
“Legal Reconstruction in Indonesia Based on Human Right”

Responsible Person	: Prof. Dr. H. Gunarto.,S.H.,SE.,Akt.,M.Hum	(Dean)
Advisory	: Dr. Hj. Widayati.,S.H.,MH	(Vice Dean I)
	Arpangi.,S.H.,M.H	(Vice Dean II)
	Dr. Hj. AnisMashdurohatun,S.H,M.Hum	(Head of PDIH)
	Dr. H. Ahmad Khisni.,S.H.,M.H	(Head of M.Kn)
	Dr.H. Umar Ma’ruf, SH.,Sp.N.,M.Hum	(Head of MIH)
	Kami Hartono.,S.H.,M.H	(Head of S1)
Chairwoman	: Dr. Hj. AnisMashdurohatun,S.H,M.Hum	(Head of PDIH)
Secretary	: Dr. Hj. Sri Endah Wahyuningsih,S.H,M.Hum	(Secretary of PDIH)
Treasurer	: Dr. Hj. Sri Kusriyah.,S.H.,M.Hum	(Secretary of MIH)
Drafting Team	: Dr. H. Amin Purnawan.,SH.,CN.,M.HumH	
	Denny Suwondo.,S.H.,M	
	Hj. AryaniWitasari.,S.H.,M.H	
Event Division	: Erna Sunarti.,S.S.,M.H	
Secretariat and Supplies		
Division		
Coordinator	: M. Abdul Hadi.,SE	
Member	: Slamet Ariyanto	
	Dyan Teguh Aryanto, Amd	
	M. Ngaziz.,S.H.,M.H	
	Hendro Widodo.,S.H.,M.H	
	NailulMokorobin.,S.Psi	
	AgusPrayoga	
Publication and		
Documentation Division	: Ikrom.,S.H	
Member	Ahmad Mutohar.,S.H	
	Achmad Arifullah.,S.H.,M.H	
Consumption Division	: Shinta Pratiwi	
Member	Latifah Rosdiyati.,S.E	
	Siti Pardiyah	
	Laili Rohmah.,S.E	
	Laila Najihah.,S.H	
Receptionist	: Riftia Anggita W.S.,S.H	
	M Auliana	
General Assistant	: Riswanto	
	Nur Alamsyah	
	Rofiq	
Security	: Rohmani	
	Arif	
Driver	: Irwanto	

PREFACE

First of all, let's say Thanks to Allah, who has been giving us guidance, happiness, healthy, and mercy, so we can finish this conference proceeding without any obstacles. Praise and salutation upon our prophet Muhammad saw the last messenger, the best figure of this universe; the person who was able to save us from Jahiliyah era.

We would like to extend our thanks to the invited speakers: Prof. Henning Glaser from Thammasat University, Prof. Shimada Yuzuru from Nagoya University, Hilaire Tegnau, Ph.D from Sorbone University, Prof. Topo Santoso From Indonesian University, and Dr. Sri Endah Wahyuningsih, S.H., M.H from Sultan Agung Islamic University.

This was our fourth International conference and call for paper held by Faculty of Law, Sultan Agung Islamic University. This annual conference tries to gain any information and studies done by academician and practitioner in the concerned field to be discussed as guidelines to exchange and talk about views on the most important recent on Legal Construction and Development focusing on The Role of Indigenous and Global Community in Constructing National Law happens in both developed and developing countries and its role in shaping a good future, and to discuss the challenges and practical aspects in integrating competition law enforcement and guidelines to develop legal state in accordance with the diversity of all countries around the world. We hope this conference brings benefit for both participants and our faculty.

We are pleased to have your critique, suggestion and correction in order to make us better. Finally, we do thanks to all who helped this conference. May Allah guide us to always develop useful knowledge for human being.

PROCEEDINGS

The 5th International Conference and Call for Paper Faculty of Law 2019 Legal Reconstruction in Indonesia Based on Human Right

Table of Contents

<i>FRONT PAGE</i>	<i>I</i>
<i>Information of The International Seminar</i>	<i>III</i>
<i>Committee Composition</i>	<i>IV</i>
<i>PREFACE</i>	<i>V</i>
Fulfillment Of Teacher Protection Rights	
<i>Yenny AS, Rini Setiawati</i>	<i>1</i>
Legal Reconstruction Of Laws Regarding Human Rights Through Judicial Review To The Constitutional Court	
<i>Umar Ma'ruf</i>	<i>13</i>
Legal Analysis Of Social Security Transformation And The Reality Of Its Implementation In The Community In Indonesia	
<i>Siti Ummu Adillah, I Gusti Ayu Ketut Rachmi Handayani ,Adi Sulistiyono</i>	<i>29</i>
Increasing Voluntary Compliance Of Tax Payments In Micro Small And Medium Enterprises (Msmes) Post-Issuance Of Government Regulation Number 23 Of 2018 (Case Study In Semarang City)	
<i>Amin Purnawan, Akhmad Khisni, Aryani Witasari</i>	<i>40</i>
Legal Analysis Of Racist Exams In Surabaya Papua Dormitory	
<i>Ma'aruf Akib</i>	<i>49</i>
Reconstruction Of Misdemeanor Settlement Based On Pancasila Value	
<i>S. Andi Sutrasno</i>	<i>56</i>
Urgency Of Legal Assistance For Poor People As A Request Of Human Rights	
<i>Adhi Budi Susilo, Indra Yuliawan</i>	<i>62</i>
Reconstruction Of Article 156 Paragraph (1) Of Law Number 13 Year 2003 Regarding Manpower As A Guideline For The Provision Of Workers' Rights Based On Justice	
<i>Rahmatsyah</i>	<i>66</i>
Problematic Presidential Electoral Threshold In The Operation Of Value-Based Simultaneous Justice	
<i>Widayati , Winanto</i>	<i>72</i>

Reconstruction Of Learning Methods In Criminal Law Subjects Using Inquiry Methodsbased On Human Rights And Islamic Values <i>Ira Alia Maerani, Eko Soponyono, Nuridin.....</i>	81
Reconstruction Of Criminal Sanction And Rehabilitation Combating On Narcotic's Victims Based On Religious Justice <i>Carto Nuryanto, Gunarto, Anis Mashdurohatun.....</i>	91
Study of the theory of Legal Protection Against Online High Yield Investment Program Contracts in Indonesia (HYIP) <i>muhamad Iqbal al Hakiem,aryani witasari.....</i>	96
Reconstruction Completion Of The Crime Of Light On Value Pancasila <i>Andi S. Sutrasno.....</i>	102
Law Reconstruction Of Registration On Fiduciary Obligation Based On Justice Value <i>Wieke Dewi Suryandari ; Gunarto; Amin Purnawan.....</i>	108
Reconstruction Of Transport Regulatory On Marine Toll To Support Sea Connectivity Based On Pancasila Justice <i>Hartanto, Gunarto, Anis Mashdurohatun.....</i>	114
Reconstruction Of Scientific Investigation In Indonesia Based On Justice <i>Teguh Prihmono; Gunarto, Sri Endah Wahyuningsih.....</i>	120
Legal Construction On Training Ship Management Belongs To Human Resources Development Of Transportation (Bpsdmp) Based On Dignity Justice Value <i>Wahyu Wibisono, Gunarto, Anis Mashdurohatun.....</i>	126
Protection Of Law Refugees/Asylum Seekers In Indonesia (As A Transit State) No Ratify 1951 Convention Of And The 1967 Protocol <i>Muhammad Djamir.....</i>	133
Reconstruction Of Legal Policy On Decency Crime In Indonesia Based On Pancasila Value (Lgbt Rehabilitation Institute For Children) <i>Cucuk Kristiono, Gunarto, Anis Mashdurohatun; Suparji.....</i>	144
Legal Protection Against Indonesian Workers (Tki) In Abroad <i>Yaya Kareng (Sripatum UniversityOng Argo Victoria ,Sri Yulianingsih.....</i>	149
Recontruction Of Auction Execution Of Mortgage Object In Determine The Auction Price Based On Justice <i>Moh Djarkasih**.....</i>	158

Reconstruction Policy Of Sanctions Against Destruction Of Evidence Illegal Fishing Based Small Fishing Welfare Values <i>R. Juli Moertiyono</i>	165
Reconstruction Of Legal Policy Interfaith Marriage In Indonesia <i>Moh. Zeinudin, Dian Novita</i>	179
Reform Of Couple Sexual Rights Protection In Case Of Diseases Hiv / Aids In Indonesia <i>Nana Ruhyana</i>	186
Legal Protection Against Disability In Getting Work <i>Oktavianto Setyo Nugroho</i>	193
Reconstruction Of Authority To Arrest In Doing Judge Accused Of Value-Based Justice <i>Agus Sugiarto</i>	203
Enforcement Of Criminal Law In False News (Hoax) Management According To Law No. 11 In 2008 That Has Been Amended To Be Law No.19 Of 2016 Concerning Electronic Information And Transactions In Islamic Law And Positive Laws <i>Yanto Irianto</i>	208
Reconstruction Validity Legal Deeds Are Dealing With Children In The Process Of Law Criminal Justice System Based Child Justice <i>Asep Hermawan</i>	220
Reconstruction Of Performance Assessment Of Drinking Water Companies (Pdam) Based On Consumer Protection <i>Bustaman</i>	225
Reconstruction Legal Rights Associated With A Warranty Not A Bank Debt <i>Euislistianti</i>	229
Reconstruction Of Operational System As A Community Economic System Based On Welfare <i>Abbas Ibrahim Idris</i>	234
Reconstruction Of Criminal Responsibility For Actors Prostitutorial Criminal Justice In The Criminal Justice Based On Value <i>Iwan Rasiwan</i>	242
Reconstruction Of Legal Drinking Water Management Company (Pdam) Based On Justice <i>Suharyadi</i>	248

Reconstruction Of Private Criminal System Implementation In The Commitment Values In Indonesia Justice

Sumanto 252

Reconstruction Of Justice Law Protection Law Protection

Wamyani 260

Criminal Code Draft Law And Development In Indonesia

Nany Pujianti Suwigjo 265

Deconstruction of the Principle of Legal Thinking

Sriyati 270

Development Of The Law Of Complete Systematic Land Registration (Ptl) And Effect Of Conduct Values of Land Based On Dignify Justice In The District Of Kendal, Central Java

Desy Dwi Nurhayati Hartanti 279

Interpretation Teaching Of Human Rights Laws Against Material In Corruption Provisions

Burham Pranawa, Hartiwiningsih, Hari Purwadi 293

Reconstruction Of Article 156 Paragraph (1) Of Law Number 13 Year 2003 Regarding Manpower As A Guideline For The Provision Of Workers' Rights Based On Justice

Rahmatsyah 301

Law Due To Delay The Registration Under Fiduciary Guarantee Pmk No 130 / Pmk.010 / 2012

Jaenudin Umar 307

The Effectiveness Of The Handling Of The Criminal Acts Of Light Tend To Be Settled Judicial Custom

Supena Diansah 313

Urgency Of Legal Assistance For Poor People As A Request Of Human Rights

Adhi Budi Susilo, Indra Yuliawan 327

Independence Institute Of Justice And Judge In Perspective Judicial Reform Blueprint 2010 - 2035

Ahmad Agus Bahauddin 331

Policies Against Crime Criminal Law Made By Children

Achmad Arifulloh 340

Law Enforcement Of Law Number 23 Of 2004 In Preventing Efforts Human Rights Violations In Indonesia

Andri Winjaya Laksana, Lathifah Hanim 350

Reconstruction Of Legal Policy On Decency Crime In Indonesia Based On Pancasila Value (Lgbt Rehabilitation Institute For Children)

Cucuk Kristiono, Gunarto¹⁸⁹, Anis Mashdurohatun¹⁹⁰; Suparji¹⁹¹

Indonesian Police and Student's Doctor of Law, Sultan Agung Islamic University in Semarang,
cucukkristiono11@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

YKPN survey results showed that there are about 4000-5000 gay in Jakarta. Gaya Nusantara estimates there are 260.000 of the 6 million residents of East Java is Gay. Gays registered as members of the gay community in Indonesia there are 76.288. While Oetomo estimate, there is 1% of the Homosexual community in Indonesia. Connecting with LGBT victims rehabilitation treatment in children by agency or entity that has not been regulated in Article 292 of the Criminal Code following criminal sanctions if not carried out rehabilitation. Juridical empirical approach is used in hopes obtained a clear and complete picture of the background and the ins and outs of why the implementation of the children rehabilitation of LGBT's victims urgent to be done and set in article 292 of the Criminal Code in the form of additional verse. Considering article 292 of the Criminal Code did not regulate and discusses how the continuation of children as LGBT's victim and only focus on criminal prosecution against the perpetrators only. This sort of thing happens because the regulations have not explicitly regulate this issue. LGBT in Indonesia, including the diversion of moral and immoral acts in the category, but in the regulation offixed elements deemed equal before the law properly human. Because justice remains true for all citizens with regard to the Pancasila values.

Keywords: *Reconstruction; Rehabilitation; LGBT; Children; Pancasila Value.*

A. INTRODUCTION

Jones and Hesnard describe Lesbian is a sexual orientation towards same sex (female), while gay is a sexual orientation towards same sex (male). Lesbian itself has two types differentiated which Butch and Femme. Butch is a masculine women who desire to imitate men (this type take on the role of men in a lesbian relationship). Femme is a feminine fear of man (this type take on the role of women in lesbian relationships). While Gay has two

types also are the Top and Bot. Top is the man who groomed and macho (the type that takes role as men in relationships of gay). Bot is a feminine male (type who takes on the role of women in relation of gay)¹⁹².

Many factors affect the incidence of the Homosexual itself arises from family factors and environmental factors. Usually family factors are more likely in the lack of the role of parents in children or cases of divorce, violence, even domestic abuse. As a result, a child can be traumatized. Severe

¹⁸⁹ Professor in law and Promoter, Sultan Agung Islamic University in Semarang.

¹⁹⁰ Head Department of Doctoral Program in Law and Co-Promoter I, Sultan Agung Islamic University in Semarang.

¹⁹¹ Co-Promoter II, Sultan Agung Islamic University in Semarang.

¹⁹² Anthon F. Susanto, 2004, *Wajah Peradilan Kita: Konstruksi Sosial tentang Penyimpangan, Mekanisme Kontrol dan Akuntabilitas Peradilan Pidana*, Rafika Aditama, Bandung, Indonesia, p. 209

traumatic often caused by past events of a child. As an example, can be attributed to the behavior of parents on child molestation or rape case against her daughter's father. These factors usually cause the child to be afraid to interact with the opposite sex. In addition, environmental factors in which a person feels comfortable and more interested in the same sex rather than the opposite sex¹⁹³.

Approximately 5% or less of the adult population is classified as an active bisexual, who had sexual intercourse with sex during the previous year. Based on initial observation the researchers did to some laymen and also homosexuals, both are equally difficult to identify a bisexual¹⁹⁴. The informant stated that one of men who look macho, masculine, and is also a playboy, could not guarantee that he is a true heterosexual. Conversely, men who have a gentle nature, graceful, not necessarily a homosexual. This proves that a person who has an interest in the same sex can not be seen from the way they dressed and also their behavior alone¹⁹⁵. Based on preliminary observations of researchers against one of the informants bisexual, in matters relating to this kind of bisexual people there are dealing with a true homosexual, and there is also a bisexual relationship with each other in order to keep each other's secrets to each other awake. In running lesbian relationship, they will show to the public like an ordinary friendship or companionship. Society's view of deviation behaviors and religious teachings to make them feel like should resist impulses that exist within them to meet the psychological needs as well as their biological¹⁹⁶.

¹⁹³ Marjono Reksodiputro, 1994, *Hak Asasi Manusia Dalam Sistem Peradilan Pidana*, Kumpulan Karangan Buku Ketiga, Pusat Pelayanan Keadilan Dan Pengabdian Hukum Lembaga Kriminologi Universitas Indonesia, Jakarta, p.76

¹⁹⁴ Nugraha, Iskandar P., dan Maimunah Munir, 2011, *Dinamika Kehidupan Seksual Kelompok LSL di Jayapura, Papua*, p. 99-124.

¹⁹⁵ J. C, Chrisler, 2010, *Handbook of Gender Research in Psychology. Volume 1: Gender research in general and experimental psychology*, p. 486.

¹⁹⁶ T. Altilio, 2011, *Oxford Textbook of Palliative Social Work*, p. 380.

¹⁹⁷ Sutopo. H.B. 1998. *Metodologi Penelitian Hukum Kualitatif Bagian II*, UNS Press, Surakarta, p. 265

¹⁹⁸ S.J., Hary Susanto, 2003, "Wisata Seks: Tinjauan Moral", *Journal Center for Tourism Studies of Gadjah Mada University*.

B.RESEARCH METHODS

This is a qualitative research with the approach method in this study juridical empirical. This approach is used because of problems that will be discussed in a normative law with due regard to existing regulations and the Pancasila values¹⁹⁷.

C.RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

In Article 292 of the Criminal Code version of R. Susilo said: "Adults who commit obscene acts with minors of the same sex, being known or reasonably should she thought, it's immature, was jailed for 5 years old". In this chapter contains two drawbacks, the first, this article only prohibits homosexual acts between an adult and a child who is kind, but does not prohibit homosexual acts among adults, secondly, in this article also did not mention the rehabilitation efforts of the government through the establishment of the Agency or institutions for LGBT victims of these children including no criminal sanctions for implementing the negligent rehabilitation do it¹⁹⁸.

During this act of rehabilitation of victims of child prostitution in the LGBT has been done by the Social Affairs Ministry, but on the basis of the appointment of the Criminal Investigation Police who happened to be dealing with LGBT cases to children. In this case there is space handling of victims who have not been regulated in the Criminal Code related to the rehabilitation of children as LGBT's victim by the government therefore necessary to set up the Agency or Institution specially appointed

to deal with the rehabilitation of children as LGBT's victim, so without having appointed to carry out the rehabilitation of victims LGBT children, even if necessary the Institute or the agency if it does not carry out rehabilitation or negligent conduct rehabilitation, it can be criminally¹⁹⁹.

1. Article 292 of the Criminal Code

Article 292 of the Criminal Code which reads adults who commit obscene acts with minors of the same sex, being known or reasonably should she thought, it has not grown it, was jailed for the duration of 5 years, only formulate criminal sanctions for perpetrators of criminal acts perform obscene acts against same-sex child victims, and does not deal with fellow adult offenders. While rehabilitation for children as LGBT's victim are also not regulated in article 292 of the Criminal Code especially criminal sanctions if it does not perform well at all rehabilitation has not been set. So there is a vacancy in article 292 of the Penal Code which need to be filled gradually, especially on how to implement the rehabilitation for children as LGBT's victim.

2. Investigations

The probe is a series of actions taken by the investigator to search for and collect evidence, the evidence that makes light of the offenses occurred and locate suspects. LGBT actors in investigations conducted by Police events that arise generally in the form of the Gay sex parties involving dozens of people, among them there are children so that in its investigation will separate those where children and adults. It is adjusted in the implementation of article 292 actors LGBT that can be punished if they do it to children, whereas in the case that occurs mixing between actors LGBT children by perpetrators of LGBT adults are taking turns, however, which can be used

as a suspect only adult offenders who do it only to children only. In this investigation an investigator is required to synchronize information observant in their testimony against their deviant sexual behavior linkage to the children who participate are secured in order to comply with Article 292 of the Criminal Code²⁰⁰.

3. LGBT

LGBT is a Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, and Transgender by definition is, Lesbian is one of the same-sex sexual orientation is a woman, while Gay sex sexual orientation is a male. The Bisexuals are people whose sexual orientation to the opposite sex and same-sex and Transgender are people who have a gender identity or gender expression that differs from the sex. Transgender people are also sometimes referred to as a transsexual person if he wanted medical assistance for the transition from one sex to the other sex.

Indonesian society with its eastern culture still considers that LGBT people are those who deviate, so that LGBT people are still hesitant to open themselves to the public. Most LGBT people present themselves as heterosexual, this was done so that LGBT people can hang out comfortably in a variety of social activities in a society.

One form of the application of the condition of this community is the establishment of several NGOs such as Swara Srikandi in Jakarta, LGBT Gaya Nusantara, LGBT Arus Pelangi, and Lantern Sahaja also Indonesian Gay Society in Yogyakarta. In addition, it also emerged and facebook chat facility that made room for each other to know and recognize. This tool is used as a medium to share stories and of course a partner search event. The evidence above is one example of the development of the homosexual community in the present²⁰¹.

¹⁹⁹ <http://www.kpai.go.id/berita/kpai-kasus-lgbt-pada-anak-kian-mengkhawatirkan>, accessed 20 November 2018

²⁰⁰ A. Gumilang, 1993, *Pengetahuan Tentang Teknik dan Taktik Penyidikan*, Angkasa, Bandung, p. 98

²⁰¹ Spillane, James J., 2003, "Etika Bisnis dan Industri Seks Sebagai Kegagalan Pasar Bebas", *Journal Center for Tourism Studies Gadjah Mada University*.

Many factors affect the incidence of LGBT people themselves arise from family factors and environmental factors. Usually family factors are more likely in the lack of the role of parents in children or cases of divorce, violence, even domestic abuse. As a result, a child can be traumatized. Severe traumatic often caused by past events of a child. As an example, can be attributed to the behavior of parents on child molestation or rape case against her daughter's father. These factors usually cause the child to be afraid to interact with the opposite sex. In addition, environmental factors in which a person feels comfortable and more interested in the same sex rather than the opposite sex.

4.Children As LGBT's Victims

- a. Understanding Children According to the Code of Penal (Penal Code) can not be found in the Criminal Code clearly the definition of the child, but is simply a definition of "minors (minderjarig)", as well as some of the definitions that are part or element of the definition contained child in some articles. As in Chapter IX, which provides one element of the notion of children in article 45, which reads²⁰²:

"In prosecuting the minors (minderjarig) for committing before the age of sixteen, the judge may determine, ordered that the guilty be returned to their parents, guardians or caregivers, without any criminal or ordered that the guilty be submitted to the government, without any criminal ie if the act constitutes a crime or one of the violations." So in the article 45 of the Criminal Code then the children are defined as minors when the 16-year-old before.

- b. Understanding Children According to Act No. 1 of 1974 on Marriage does not regulate directly benchmarks when someone is classified as a child, but it

²⁰² Ali Wisnubroto, 2002, *Praktek Peradilan Pidana (Proses Persidangan Perkara Pidana)*, PT. Galaxy Puspa Mega, Jakarta, p. 154

is implicit in article 6, paragraph (2) which contains a provision requirement of marriage for those who have not yet reached 21 years old found consent of both parents. Furthermore regulated in Article 7 paragraph (1), which contains the minimum age limit to be married to a man is 19 (nineteen) years and women 16 (sixteen) years.

- c. Understanding Children According to Act No. 39 of 1999 on Human Rights in Article 1 paragraph 5 that every human being below the age of 18 (eighteen) years old and unmarried, including an unborn child if it is in his interest.
- d. Understanding Children under Act No. 23 of 2004 on the Elimination of Domestic Violence is implied in Article 2, paragraph 1, which states that the scope of the households in the legislation include husband, wife, and children. So there is no age limit of the child while the child is still a household setting so she called the child.
- e. Understanding Children According to Act No. 21 Of 2007 concerning the Eradication of Trafficking in Article 1 paragraph 5 that someone over the age of 18 (eighteen) years, including the unborn child
- f. Understanding Children According to Act No. 35 of 2014 on the Amendment of Act No. 23 of 2002 on Protection of Children in Article 1 paragraph 1 that a person who has not aged 18 (eighteen) years, including an unborn child.

5.Reconstruction Of Legal Policy On Crime Of Decency In Indonesia Based On Pancasila Value (LGBT Rehabilitation Institute For Children As Victim)

This action is a brilliant idea and enough to fill a legal vacuum especially

those regulations regarding LGBT and how to enforce in Indonesia. Institutions LGBT Children's Rehabilitation will be a place and a process to help the victims of LGBT especially children who need medical treatment to achieve a psychological or physical abilities psychological, and social maximum. Here, the doctor must approach that will help the patient or the patient to cope with physical or psychiatric disorder. This kind of an approach is increasingly recognized and make LGBT Children's rehabilitation into a specialized field that is separate from the hospital. Time will run for the patient and outpatient treatment is a very useful program for patients in the early

stages. Patients or rehabilitation usually suffer from low self-esteem or a lack of a positive outlook on life, and therefore in the therapeutic psychology plays a big role in the rehabilitation program LGBT Children²⁰³.

D.CONCLUSION

Of this regulation should regulate and protect child victims of LGBT through the reconstruction of the legal acts of wanton given the absence of laws or regulations that govern the issue of LGBT in Indonesia, including by setting up rehabilitation institutions, so they are not frustrated and equity Pancasila capable realized.

REFERENCES

- [1] Anthon F. Susanto , 2004, *Wajah Peradilan Kita: Konstruksi Sosial tentang Penyimpangan, Mekanisme Kontrol dan Akuntabilitas Peradilan Pidana*, Rafika Aditama, Bandung, Indonesia.
- [2] Marjono Reksodiputro, 1994, *Hak Asasi Manusia Dalam Sistem Peradilan Pidana*, Kumpulan Karangan Buku Ketiga, Pusat Pelayanan Keadilan Dan Pengabdian Hukum Lembaga Kriminologi Universitas Indonesia, Jakarta,.
- [3] Nugraha, Iskandar P., dan Maimunah Munir, 2011, *Dinamika Kehidupan Seksual Kelompok LSL di Jayapura*, Papua.
- [4] J. C, Chrisler, 2010, *Handbook of Gender Research in Psychology*. Volume 1: Gender research in general and experimental psychology.
- [5] T. Altilio, 2011, *Oxford Textbook of Palliative Social Work*.
- [6] Sutopo. H.B. 1998. *Metodologi Penelitian Hukum Kualitatif Bagian II*, UNS Press, Surakarta.
- [7] S.J., Hary Susanto, 2003, "*Wisata Seks: Tinjauan Moral*", *Journal Center for Tourism Studies of Gadjah Mada University*.
- [8] <http://www.kpai.go.id/berita/kpai-kasus-lgbt-pada-anak-kian-mengkhawatirkan>, diakses 20 November 2018
- [9] Gumilang, 1993, *Pengetahuan Tentang Tehnik dan Taktik Penyidikan*, Angkasa, Bandung.
- [10] Spillane, James J., 2003, "*Etika Bisnis dan Industri Seks Sebagai Kegagalan Pasar Bebas*", *Journal Center for Tourism Studies Gadjah Mada University*.
- [11] Ali Wisnubroto, 2002, *Praktek Peradilan Pidana (Proses Persidangan Perkara Pidana)*, PT. Galaxy Puspa Mega, Jakarta.
- [12] Yesmil Anwar & Adang, 2008, *Pembaruan Hukum Pidana, Reformasi Hukum Pidana*, Grasindo, Jakarta, 2008.

²⁰³ Yesmil Anwar & Adang, 2008, *Pembaruan Hukum Pidana, Reformasi Hukum Pidana*, Grasindo, Jakarta, 2008, p. 32